

OF THE  
ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD  
IN THE  
DOMINIONS  
OF THE  
KING OF SARDINIA.

THE HISTORY OF THE  
KING OF SWEDEN

OF THE

ORD OF KNIGHTHOOD

OF THE

ORD OF KNIGHTHOOD

OF THE

KING OF SWEDEN

## S A R D I N I A.

## THE ORDER

## OF THE

## A N N U N C I A T I O N .

THIS Order was instituted in the year 1355, by Amadeus the Fifth, Count of Savoy, in memory of Amadeus the First, who, by his famous defence of the Island of Rhodes against the Turks, gained immortal renown, and won those arms which are now borne by the Dukes of Savoy, that is, Gules, a cross Argent. It at first consisted of fifteen Knights, of whom the founder and his successors were to be Sovereigns, but afterwards the number was enlarged; at present their number is small, but not determined otherwise than by the will of the Sovereign: it is however on the most respectable footing, and is counted among the most respectable

spectable Orders in Europe. The collar of the Order is composed of Golden Roses, enamelled red and white, with Lovers Knots of the same, but not enamelled: between the Knots are interlaced the letters, F. E. R. T. enamelled alternately white and red. To the end of the middle rose is pendent the badge, which consists of three chains of Gold, encircling an oval and disposed in knots, the whole enamelled white; on the oval is represented the Salutation, as related by St. Luke, enamelled in their proper colours. To be of this Order, a man must be of a noble family, and of the Roman Catholic Religion. Various constructions are by different authors put upon the signification of the letters F. E. R. T. which are on the collar; but it seems most probable that they allude to the defence of Rhodes by Amadeus, and signify *Fortitudo Ejus Rhodum Tenuit*. For the collar and badge, see plate 65.

*Annunciation.*

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## S A R D I N I A.

## THE ORDER

O F

## S T. M A U R I C E.

THIS Order was instituted in the year 1434, by Amadeus the VIIth, in honor of St. Maurice Patron of Savoy: the founder of it leaving his court for a monastic life, was elected Pope, on the deposition of Eugenius the IVth, and reigned nine years, at the end of which time he turned hermit, and died at Repialle in the year 1451; soon after which the Order, which was never very flourishing, fell into obscurity and disuse. The badge of the Order is a cross Botone Argent, see plate 66.

SARDINIA.

SARADINA

THE HISTORY

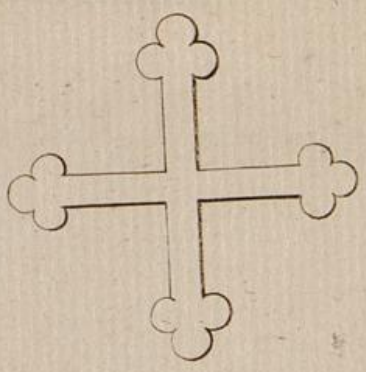
OF THE

THE Obituary of the late  
Archbishop of York, who died  
the 10th of June 1700, and  
was buried the 12th of the  
same month in the Cathedral  
Church of York. The funeral  
was celebrated the 14th of  
the same month, and the  
obsequies were performed  
the 16th of the same month  
in the Cathedral Church of  
York.

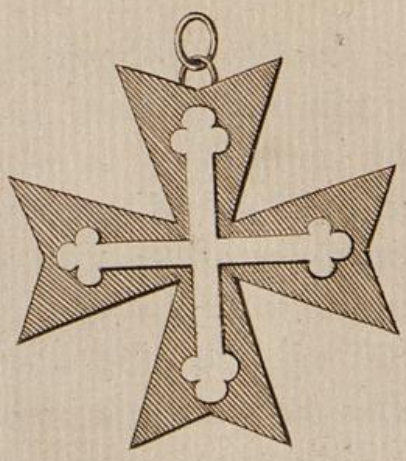
ANTHONY

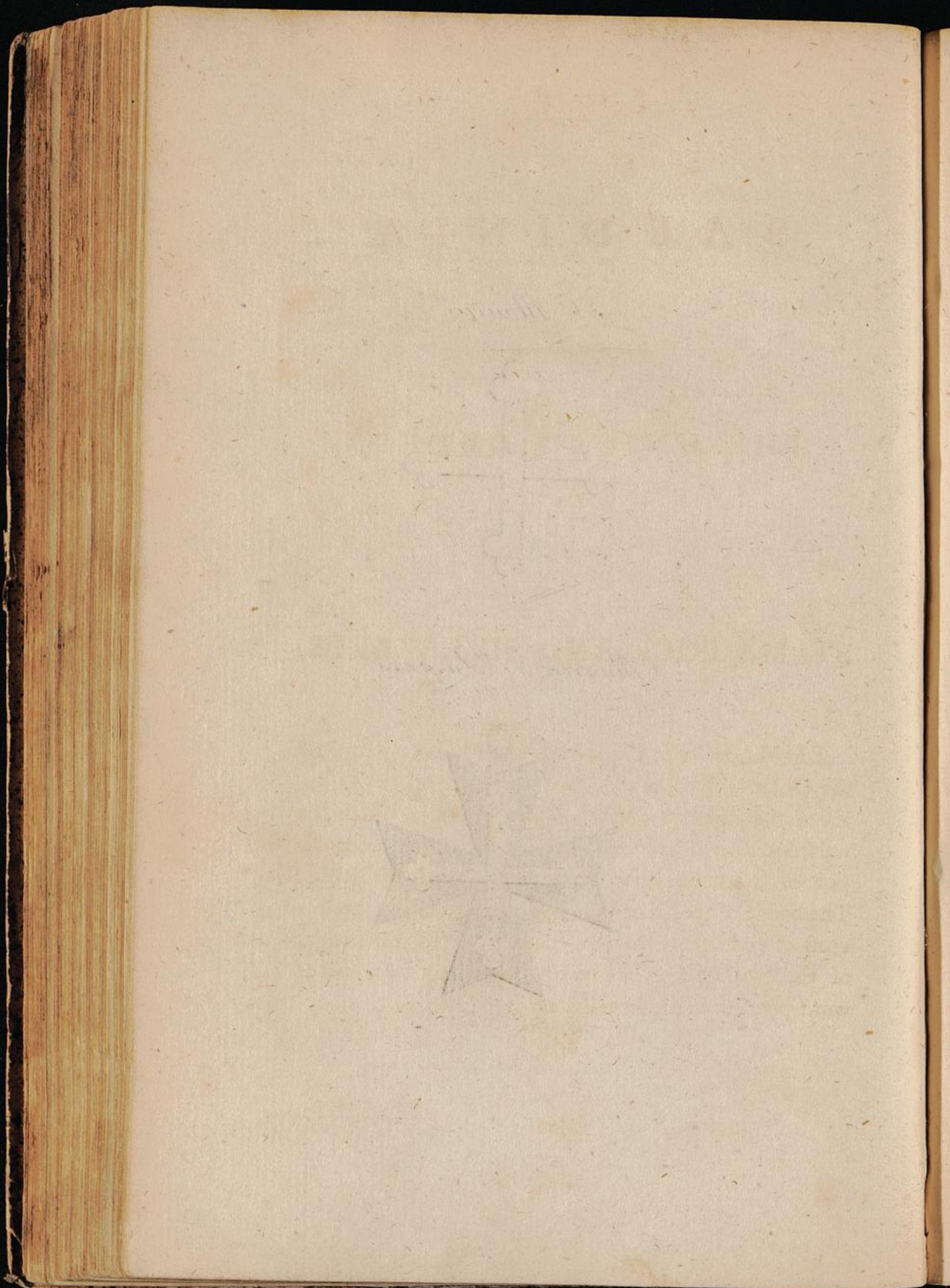


*S<sup>t</sup> Maurice.*



*S<sup>t</sup> Maurice & S<sup>t</sup> Lazarus*





## S A R D I N I A.

## THE UNITED ORDERS

O F

## ST. MAURICE AND ST. LAZARUS.

EMMANUEL Philibert Duke of Savoy instituted the Order of St. Lazarus, and the same year 1572 revived the obsolete Order of St. Maurice, which he united to it, and had confirmed by the Pope, on condition of his maintaining two galleys against the Turks. The badge of the Order is a cross pomette, white, upon a cross of eight points Green (being the respective badges of the two Orders before they were united), and is worn pendent to a green ribbon. See plate 66.

SARDINIA.

S. A. R. D. I. N. I. A.

THE UNITED ORDERS

ST. MAURICE AND ST. LAZARUS

MANUEL Philibert Duke of Savoy  
Order of St. Maurice and St. Lazarus  
which was obsolete Order of St. Maurice  
United with and had combined with the Pope  
of his Majesty two orders united the  
the Order of St. Maurice and St. Lazarus  
was again presented having the right to  
the two Orders of St. Maurice and St. Lazarus  
and the Order of St. Maurice and St. Lazarus

## SARDINIA.

## THE ORDER

OF THE

## SWORD IN CYPRUS.

THE King of Sardinia taking the title of King of Cyprus, it appeared reasonable to put this Order, now many ages extinct, in the same class with those of his dominions, more especially as the seat of it is no longer in the possession of a Christian Prince. This Order was instituted by Guy De Lusignan, about the end of the twelfth century, soon after he had acquired the kingdom of Cyprus by purchase from our Richard the First. This Order was on its institution conferred on three hundred Barons, who were then created: it continued to flourish until it became extinct, on the Turks conquering the island of Cyprus. The collar of it was composed of round cordons of white silk woven

in Love Knots, and interlaced with the letters S and R ;  
to the collar was pendent a gold medallion, whereon  
was enamelled a sword white, and the hilt Gold, encircled  
with this motto, *Securitas Regni*. For the badge and  
collar, see plate 67.

OF

*Sword of Cyprus*

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