

SECTION A.

THERAPEUTICAL CLASSIFICATION OF REMEDIES.

Alteratives.—Medicines which gradually change and correct a morbid condition of the organs, so that abnormal conditions become normal and metabolism is increased.

Ammonium.—Ammonii Chloridum.

Antimony.—Antimonii Oxidum, A. Sulphuratum, A. Tartaratum.

Arsenic.—Acidum Arseniosum, Liquor Arsenicalis, Liquor Arsenici Hydrochloricus, Liquor Sodi Arsenatis.

Calcium.—Calcii Chloridum, Calcii Hypophosphis, Calcii Sulphidum.

Iodine and the Iodides.

Iron Salts.

Mercury.—Hydrarg. c. Cretæ, Pilula Hydrarg., Hydrarg. Perchloridum and Subchloridum, Hydrarg. Iodidum Rubrum.

Phosphorus and the Hypophosphites.

Potassium salts.

Sulphur.—Precipitatum, Sublimatum, and Sulphides.

Vegetable.—Caffeina, Coca, Dulcamara, Guaiacum, Hemidesmus, Mezereum, Sarsaparilla, Sassafras, Taraxacum.

Eclectics.—Iridin, Leptandrin, Phytolaccin, Podophyllin.

Anæsthetics.—They are divided into *General* (by inhalation) and *Local* (by spray or other application to the part). **General Anæsthetics** abolish consciousness and reflex action, and so prevent the perception of painful and other stimuli in the sensory centres:—Æther, Æther Methylatus (sp. gr. .717), Æthyl Bromidum, Æthyl Iodidum, A.C.E. Mixture, Chloroform, Carbon Tetrachloride, Ethidene Dichloridum, Methylene, Nitrous Oxide Gas, Pental, Regnault's Anæsthetic Mixture. **Local Anæsthetics** prevent the reception of stimuli by the peripheral terminations of sensory nerves:—Acid. Carbolic., Æther (spray), Æther Methylatus (sp. gr. .717), Æther Methylicus, Æthyl Bromidum, Æthyl Chloridum, Aromatic Oils, Cocaine Hydrochloridum, Erythrophlaëne Hydrochloridum, Eucaïne Hydrochloride (a) and (n), Holocaine Hydrochloride, Ice, Iodoform, Menthol, Methyl Chloridum, Orthoform, Tropacocaine, Thymol.

Analgesics or Anodynes.—Medicines which alleviate pain by lessening the excitability of nerves or nerve centres: Acetanilidum, Acid. Carbolic., Aconitum, Aconitina, Æthyl Chloridum, Amyl Nitris, Antipyrine, Apolysin, Atropina, Belladonna, Bromides, Brucine, Butyl-Chloral Hydras, Caffeina, Cajuputi and Caryophylli Ol., Camphor, Cannabis Indica, Chloral Hydras, Chloroform, Cimicifuga, Citrophen, Codeina, Conina, Conium, Creosotum, Exalgine, Gelsemium, Ipecac, Pulvis Compositus, Kryofin, Lactophenine, Lupulin, Hyoscyamus, Malakin, Morphina, Opium, Papaver, Phenacetin, Piscidia, Quinina, Salipyrin, Salophen, Scopolia, Solanine, Spiritus Ætheris, Veratraria.

Antacids.—Agents which reduce the acidity of the gastric contents: Ammonia, Ammon. Spirit. Aromatic., A. Carbonas, Bismuthi Trochiscus, Calcii Hydras, Calcis Liquor, C. Carbonas Precipitata, C. Saccharatus Liquor, Creta Präparata, Lithii Carbonas, Lithii Citras, Magnesia, M. Carbonas, Potasse Liquor, P. Bicarbonas, P. Carbonas, Pot. Citratis, Pot. Tartras, Sapo Durus, Sodii Bicarbonas, Sodii Phosphas, Sodii Carb.

Mineral Waters.—Contrexeville, Ems, Fachingen, Tarasp, Vichy.

Antalkalines.—Medicines which increase acidity in the contents of the stomach or in the urine: Acid. Benzoic., A. Hydrochlor. Dil., A. Nit. Dil., A. Phosphoric. Dilut., A. Sulphuric. Dilut., Ammon. Benz., Potass. Benz., Sodii Benz.

Antemetics.—See Sedatives, Stomachic.

Anaphrodisiacs.—Medicines which diminish the sexual passion: Ammonii Bromidum, Belladonna, Camphora, Conium, Digitalis, Hyoscyamus, Lupulinum, Potassii Bromidum, Potassii Iodidum, Sodii Bromidum, Sodii Iodidum, Stramonium, Tabacum; also alkalis, hypnotics, depressants.

Anthelmintics.—Medicines which destroy worms (Vermicides), or expel them from the alimentary canal (Vermifuges).

Vermicides: *Ascarides or Thread Worms*—Acid. Carbolic., Areca; Enemata—Aceti, Ferri Perchloridi, F. Sulphatis, Olivæ Olei, Quassiae, Sodii Chloridi, Ol. Ricini and Terebinthinae; Santoninum.

Round Worm—Areca, Santoninum.

Tape Worm—Cusso, Embelia Ribes, Ammonii Embelas, Extractum Filicis Liquidum, Granati Cort., Pelletierinæ Sulphas and Tannas, Kamala, Terebinthinae Oleum.

Vermifuges: Areca, Calomel, Cambogia, Jalapa, Nucis Juglandis Spiriti, Ricini Oleum, Scammonium.

Anhidrotics.—Medicines which check perspiration: Acid. Acetic., Acid. Phosph. Dil., A. Salicylic, A. Sulphuric. Dilut. A. Tannic., Agaricus, Atropina, Belladonna, Ergot, Ferri Sulphas, Ferri Mist. Comp., Hæmatoxyl Decoct., Hvoseyamus, Picrotoxinum, Quinina, Scopola, Stramonium, Strychnina, Zinci Oxidum.

Antidotes are placed under the several poisonous drugs.

Antilithics.—Medicines which counteract a tendency to the formation of Calculi, or deposition of urinary sediments: Acid. Benzoic, Acid. Nitric. Dil., Acid. Phosph. Dil., Ammon. Benz., Lithii Liq. Carbonatis, Lithii Benzoas, Lithii Carb., Lithii Citras, Magnesia, Mag. Carbonas, Magnes. Liq. Efferv., Piperazine, Potassii Acetas, Potassii Bicarb., Potassii Carb., Potassæ Liquor, Sapo Durus, Soda Tartarata, Sodii Benzoas, Sodii Bicarb., Sodii Citro-tart. Efferv., Sodii Phosphas.

Mineral Waters—Mergentheim, Neuenahr, Selters, Tchitli, Vals, Vichy, Wildungen.

Antiperiodics.—Medicines which have the property of preventing the periodical return of fever: Acid. Arsenios., Beberinae Sulph., Berberis, Cinchona, Narcotina, Nectandreae Cort., Quinine Salts, Salicin.

Antipyretics.—Medicines which reduce and control the temperature in fever: Absinthium, Acetanilidum, Acids, Acid. Salicylic, Aconitum, Ammon. Benz., Antimon. Tart., Apolysin, Citrophen, Kryofin, Lactophenine, Malakin, Phenacetin, Phenazonum, Phenocoil Hydrochloridum, Potassii Citras, Pyrodin, Quebracho, Quinina, Resorcin, Salicin, Salol, Salophen, Sodii Salicylas, Sodi Sulphocarbolas, Spirit. Æther. Muriaticus, Spirit. Æther. Nitrosi, Spir. Rectificatus, Thallinae Sulphas.

Antiseptics.—Agents which prevent decomposition by inhibiting the growth of Micro-organisms: Acid. Benzoic, Acidum Boric, Acid. Carbolicum, A. Chromicum, A. Cresylic, A. Hydrochloricum, A. Nitric, A. Pyrogallic, A. Pyroligneosum Crudum, A. Salicylic, A. Sulphurosum, A. Trichloracetic, Actol, Aluminii Acetatis Liquor, Alum. Aceto-Tartras, Alum. Chloridi Liquor, Alum. Oleas, Alumnol, Ammon. Benz., Argentamin, Aristol, Balsamum Peruvianum and Tolutanum, Benzoin, Bismuth Phenol, Bismuth Tribromophenol, Bismuth Salicylate, Borax, Boro-Glyceride, Calx Chlorinata, Carbo Ligni, Carbonis Bisulphidum, Caryophyllum, Chinolin, C. Tartras, Chlori Liquor, Chlороformum, Cinnamomum, Copaiba, Creosotum, Cupri Oleas, Eudoxine, Eucalyptol, Europhen, Glycerinum, Helenine, Hydrargyri Cyanidum, Hydrgarg. Nitrat. Liquor Acidus, Hydrgargyri Zinc-Cyanidum, Hydrgargyri Perchloridum, Hydrgargyri et Potassii Iodidum, Hydr. Sub-

chloridum, Hydrogenii Peroxidi Liquor, Iodoformum, Iodol, Iodum, Itrol, Loretin, Menthol, Microcidine, Naphthalene, Naphthol, Potassa Sulphurata, Potass. Permanganas, Pyoktanin, Quinine Sulphas, Resorcin, Sal-Alembroth. Salolum, Soda Chlorinate Liquor, Sodii Benzoas, Sodii Chloridum, Sodii Salicylas, Sodii Sulphis, Sodii Sulphocarbolas, Soziodol, Strontium Salicylate, Terebinthine Oleum, Thalinae Sulph., Thymol, Tribromphenol, Trichlorphenol, Trikresol, Zinci Chloridum, Zinci Sulphocarbolas.

Antispasmodics.—Medicines which allay or prevent the recurrence of spasms: Acid. Hydrocyanic Dil., Æther, Æther Aceticus, Æthyl Iodidum, Ammonia Liquor, A. Carbonas, Spiritus Ammoniae Aromaticus, Ammoniacum, Amyl Nitris, Antim. Tartaratum, Argenti Nitratas, Argenti Oxidum, Asafetida, Belladonna, Bromides, Cajuput. Ol., Calendula, Camphora, Camphora Monobromata, Cannabis Indica, Caryophyllum, Castoreum, Cerii Oxalas, Chloral Hydras, Chloroformum, Cimicifuga, Conium, Ethyl Nitritis Liquor, Euphorbia Pilulifera, Galbanum, Grindelia, Hyoscyamus, Juniperi Ol., Lobelia, Moschus, Menth. Pip. Ol., Physostigma, Pil. Aloes et Asafetidæ, Opium, Quebracho, Rute Oleum, Sodii Nitris, Spir. Ammon. Fetid., Stramonium, Sumbul, Tabacum, Terebinthina, Trinitrini Liquor and Tabellæ, Valeriana and Valerianates, Zinci Oxidum, Zinci Sulphas, Zinci Valerianas.

Aperients.—See Cathartics.

Aphrodisiacs.—Medicines which increase sexual appetite: Alcohol, Belladonna, Calcii Hypophosphis, Camphor, Cantharis, Coffee, Damiana, Haematinics and Tonics, Tinct. Ferri Perchlor., Nux Vomica (Strychnina), Phosphorus.

Aromatics.—See Carminatives.

Astringents.—Medicines which produce contraction of the tissues, diminution in the size of blood vessels and coagulation of the albuminous fluids; they are given to improve digestion and check secretions, mucous discharges, and haemorrhages; or applied topically to stop bleeding and diminish discharges.

Mineral Substances.—All the Diluted Mineral Acids, Aluminium Salts, Argentamin, Argenti Nitratas, A. Oxidum, Bismuth Salts, Borax, Cadmii Sulphas, Calamina, Calcii Carbonas Praecip., Calcii Hydras, Carbolic Acid, Creosotum, Creta Praep., Cupri Sulphas, Ferri Perchlor. Liquor, F. Pernit. Liquor, F. Sulphas, Ferri et Quin. Cit., Plumbi Acetas, P. Carbonas, P. Oxidum, P. Subacetatis Liquor Fortis, Zinci Acetas, Z. Carbonas, Z. Chloridum, Z. Oxidum, Z. Sulphas, Z. Sulphocarbolas.

Vegetable Substances.—Acetum, Acid. Acetic. Dil., A. Gallic., A. Tannic., Areca, Belæ Confectio, Catechu, Cinchona, Cinnamomum, Coto, Ergota, Erigeronitis Oleum, Filix Mas, Galla, Granati Cort., Guarana, Gummi Eucalypt., Hæmatoxylum, Hamamelis, Hydrastis, Krameria, Kino, Larix, Matico, Nucis Juglandis Spiritus, Quercus, Opium, Rheum, Rosæ Gallicæ Petala, Sympyrum, Tannalin, Tannigen, Terebinthine Ol., Ulmus, Uva Ursi, Vinca Major.

Carminatives.—Medicines which stimulate or aid the removal of flatus from the stomach and intestines, and relieve griping: Æther, Æther Aceticus, Anethi Ol., Anisi Ol., Asafetida, Boldo, Camphor, Carbo Ligni, Cardamomum, Carui Ol., Caryoph., Cascarilla, Chloroformum, Cinnamomum, Coriander, Coto, Fœniculum, Ipecacuanha, Juniper, Lavand. Ol., Limon. Ol., Menth. Pip. Ol., Menth. Virid Ol., Menthol, Myristica, Myrrha, Pimento, Piper, Rosmarini Oleum, Sumbul, Valeriana, Zingiber.

Cathartics.—Medicines which promote intestinal evacuations.

Aperient or Laxative.—Amygdale Oleum, Asafetida, Baptisia, Belladonna, Cascara Sagrada, Cassia Pulpa, Euonymin, Fel

Bovinum, Ficus, Glycyrrh. Pulv. Comp., Ipecac., Lactuca, Magnesia, M. Carbonas, M. Citratis Liquor, Manna, Mel Depuratum, Menyanthes, Mori Succus, Nux Vomica, Olivæ Oleum, Potassii Sulphas, P. Tartras, Prunum, Rhamnus, Ricini Oleum, Sapo Durus, Sodii Citro-Tartras Effervescent, Sodii Phosphas, Sodii Sulphas, Soda Tartarata, Sulphur, Sulphur Praecip., Tamarindus, Taraxacum.

Purgative.—Aloes Barb., A. Socot., Aloin, Baptisin, Colchicum, Helleborus Niger, Hydrarg. Subchloridum, Iridin, Juglans, Kamala, Leptandrin, Magnes. Sulphas, Mangan. Sulphas, Phytolaccæ, Podophyllin, Rheum, Senna, Sodii Chloridum, Sodii Sulphas.

Drastic or Hydragogue.—Apocynum, Bryonia, Cambogia, Colocynthis, Crotonis Oleum, Elaterium, Helleborus Niger, Hydrarg. c. Creta, Hydrarg. Subchloridum, Jalapa, Lobelia, Magnes. Sulphas, Potass. Tart. Acida, Scammonium, Scoparium, Sodii Sulphas, Veratrina.

Mineral Waters.—Achselmannstein, Birmenstorf, Carlsbad, Friedrichshall, Homburg, Hunyadi Janos, Kissingen, Marienbad, Pullna, Royal Hungarian Bitter Water (Buda-Pesth), Seidlitz.

Caustics.—Substances which destroy the vitality of the parts to which they are applied: Acid. Acetic. Glacie, A. Arseniosum, A. Carbolicum, A. Chromicium, Acid. Hydrochloricum, A. Nitricum, Acid. Pyrogallic, A. Sulphurici Pasta, Acid. Trichloroacetic. Alum. Exsiccatum, Argenti Nitratas, Calx, Creosotum, Cupri Acetas, C. Subacetum, C. Nitratas, C. Sulphas, Hydr. Iod. Rubr. Hyd. Ox. Rubr., Hyd. Ox. Flav., Hyd. Perchloridum, Hydr. Nitrat. Acidus Liquor, Potassa Caustica, Potassa c. Calce, Potassii Permang., Sodii Ethylatis Liquor, Zinci Chloridum, Zinci Nitratas.

Cholagogues.—The direct increase the amount of bile secreted: Acid. Hydrochlor., Acid. Nitric., Acid. Nitro-hydrochlor. Dil., Aloes, Ammonii Chloridum, Ammonii Phosphas, Antim. Sulphuratum, Colehicum, Cologynth, Euonymus, Hydrarg. Perchloridum, Hydrastis, Ipecacuanha, Iridin, Jalapa, Phytolaccin, Podophyllin, Rheum, Sodii Benzoas, Salicylas, and Sulphas. The indirect act by stimulating the duodenum; Mercury, especially the subchloride; most Cathartics.

Mineral Waters.—Ems, Friedrichshall, Hungarian, Hunyadi Janos, Kissingen.

Counter-Irritants.—Substances which stimulate and cause irritation or inflammation of the parts to which they are applied; they differ in their intensity of action and may be divided as follows:—

Rubefacients.—Agents which, when applied to the skin, produce local warmth and redness: Acid. Aceticum, Æther, Alcohol, Ammoniæ Liquor, Ammoniacum, Armoracia, Cantharis, Emp. Calefaciens, Emp. Picis, Lin. Camphoræ Ammon., Lin. Capsici, Lin. Chloroformi, Lin. Sinapis, Liq. Iodi Fortis, Mentholi Emp., Mezereum, Ol. Cadinum, Ol. Cajuputi, Oleum Limonis, Ol. Rosmarini, Ol. Rutæ, Ol. Succini, Ol. Terebinth., Thymol, Ung. Elemi.

Vesicants or Epispastics.—Those which raise a vesicle or blister: Acidum Aceticum Glacie, Ammonia Liquor Fortior, Cantharis Emp., Epispasticus Liquor, Mezerei Ung., Rutæ Oleum, Sinapis Lin., Sinapis Oleum.

Pustulants.—Those which produce pustules: Antimonium Tarataratum, Argenti Nitratas, Crotonis Oleum.

Demulcents.—Substances which protect and thus allay irritation of the mucous membranes: Acacia Gum., Althea, Amygdala Dulc. and Oleum, Amylum, Cetraria, Carrageen, Cydonium, Ficus, Gelatinum, Glycerinum

Boracis, Glycyrrhiza, Hordeum, Ichthyocolla, Linum, Maranta, Mel Depuratum, Olivæ Oleum, Ovi Albumen, Prunum, Sacch. Purificatum, Salep, Sevum, Theriaca, Tragacantha, Triticum Repens, Ulmus, Uvæ.

Deodorants.—Substances which destroy offensive odours and absorb foul gases: Chlorine and its oxides, Acid Chromic., Acid. Sulphuros., Acid. Nitric, Bromum, Carbo Ligni, Calx, Eucalypti Ol., Europhen, Ferri Sulph., Hydrogenii Peroxidum, Iodoform, Iodol, Iodum, Loretin, Plumbi Nitrás, Potass. Permang., Thymol, Trichlorphenol, Zinci Chloridum.

Desiccants.—Agents which check secretion, and allay discharges from ulcers and wounds: Acidi Borici Pulvis, Bismuth. Subnit, Calamina, Calcii Carbonas Praecip., Calcii Hydras, Creta Praeparata, Magnesii Carbonas, Plumbi Acetas, Plumbi Carbonas, Talc., Zinci Carbonas and Oxidum.

Diaphoretics.—Medicines which increase the action of the skin and produce sweating. Employed in fresh colds, in fevers, dropsey, and some skin diseases: Acidum Salicylicum, Aconitum, and Ammonii Citras; Æther, Alcohol, Ammonii Acetatis Liquor, Ammon. Carbonas, Ammon. Chlorid., Ammon. Citratis Liquor, Ammon. Phosphas, Antimonialis Pulvis, Antim. Vinum, Antim. Sulphurat., Armoracia, Buchu, Cajuputi Sp. and Oleum, Calendula, Camphor, Chloroform, Colchici Vin., Doveri Pulv., Dulcamara, Grindelia, Guaiaci Ammon. Tinct., Ipecac. Pulv., Ipecac. Vin., Jaborandi, Lactuca, Lobelia, Mezereum, Morphina, Opium, Pilocarpina, Potassii Acetas, Potassii Citras, Potass. Nitrás, Salicin, Sassafras, Senega, Simaruba, Serpentaria, Sodii Salicylas, Sp. Ætheris Nit., Sulphur, Sulphur Praecip., Spiritus Camphorae, Spiritus Rectificatus, Terebinthine Oleum.

Disinfectants.—Substances which destroy the specific microbes or toxins of communicable diseases: Acid. Carbol., Acid. Chromic, Acid. Cresylic., Acid. Nitrosum, Acid. Pyrogallic, Acid. Sulphurosum, Aluminii Chloridi Liquor, Bromum, Calx Chlorinata, Calcis Chlorinata Liquor, Chloralum, Chlorine, Creosotum, Hydrarg. Perchlor., Iodoformum, Iodol, Iodum, Naphthol, Potassii Permang., Condy's Fluid, Potassii Bichroon., Ferri Sulphas, Hydrogenii Peroxidum, Pini Oleum, Salolum, Soda Chlorinate Liquor, Thymol, Zinci Chloridum.

Diuretics.—Medicines which promote the secretion of urine: Acid Benzoic, Acid Phosph. Dil., Alcohol, Aconitum, Ammon. Acet. Liq., Ammon. Benzoas, Ammon. Chlorid., Apocynum, Armoracia, Belladonna, Borax, Buchu, Caffeina, Caff. Sodio-Salicylas, Cambogia, Cantharis, Caulophylin, Colchicum, Convallaria, Copáiba, Copáiba Resin., Cubeba, Damiana, Digitalis, Diuretin, Dulcamara, Erigerontis Ol., Euonymin, Hemidesmi Radix, Hydrarg. Subchloridum, Hyoscyamus, Iridin, Juniperi Oleum, Kava-Kava, Lactuca, Lithia Liquor Carbonatis, Lithii Carbonas, Lithii Citras, Lobelia, Lysidine, Magnesia, Mag. Carbonas, Paraldehyde, Nitrites, Pix Liquida, Pareira, Physalis, Potassii Acetas, Potass. Iodide, Potassii Nitrás, Potassii Tartrus Acida, Potassii Tartras, Potassii Bicarb., Potassii Carb., Potassii Citras, Sacchar. Lactis, Salicylates, Senega, Scoparium, Scilla, Simaruba, Soda Tartarata, Sodii Benzoas, Sodii Bicarb., Sodii Phosphas, Sparteinæ Sulphas, Spirit. Ætheris Nit., Spir. Rectificatus, Strontii Lactas, Terebinthine Ol., Theobromine, Ulexine, Ulmi Decoccum, Uva Ursi.

Mineral Waters.—Friedrichshall, Kissingen, Leuk, Shap.

Ecbolics.—Substances which promote the contraction of the gravid uterus and facilitate the expulsion of the contents: Borax, Cimicifuga, Drastic Purgatives, Ergota, Hydrastine Hydrochloridum, Quinina, Ruta, Sabina.

Emetics.—Medicines which excite vomiting: Alum (in repeated doses), Ammonii Carbonas, Anthemis, Antim. Sulphuratum, Antimonium Taratum, Apomorphinæ Hydrochloridum, Baptisin, Cephaeline, Cupri Sulphas, Emetine Hydrobromide, Ipecacuanha, Lukewarm or Tepid Water, Phytolacca, Sinapis Pulvis, Sodii Chloridum, Tabacum, Veratrina, Veratrum Viride, Zinci Acetas, Zinci Sulphas.

Emmenagogues.—Medicines which maintain or restore a healthy condition of the menstrual discharge: Aloes, Aloes Decoctum Co., Aloes et Myrrhae Pil., Alcohol, Apiol, Borax, Calendula, Cantharis, Cimicifuga, Ergota, Ferrum Reductum, Haematinics, Helleborus Niger, Iron Salts, Manganesii Oxid. Prep., Myrrha, Potass. Permang., Purgatives, Quinina, Ruta, Sabina, Nervine Tonics.

Emollients.—Substances which soften and relax the tissues, also such as protect sensitive surfaces; employed to allay irritation: Adeps, Adeps Lanæ, Amygdalæ Oleum, Glycerinum Boracis, Cera Alba, Cera Flava, Cetaceum, Collodium, Cydonium, Glycerinum Dilutum, Glycer. Amyli, Linum Contusum, Olivæ Oleum, Paraffinum Molle, Sevum, Ulmus.

Epispastics.—*See* Counter-Irritants.

Errhines.—*See* Sternutatories.

Escharotics.—*See* Caustics.

Expectorants.—Medicines which promote the secretion of bronchial mucus or facilitate its expulsion: Acid. Benzoicum, Acidum Carbolicum, Ether, Alkalis, Ammonia, Ammonii Benz., Ammonii Carb., Ammonii Chloridum, Ammoniacum, Anisi Oleum, Antimonium Tartaratum, Apomorphina Hydrochlor., Asafetida, Bals. Peruv., Bals. Tolut., Benzoin, Camphora, Cimicifuga, Copiba, Creosotum, Cubebs, Emetine Hydrobromide, Eucalyptus, Galbanum, Iodides, Ipecacuanha, Laricis Cortex, Lobelia, Myrrha, Physostigma, Pini Oleum, Pix Liquida, Quillaia, Scilla, Senega, Styrax Prep., Sulphur, Terpene Hydrate, Terebene, Terebinth. Oleum, Vapores Acidi Carbolici, Chlori, Creosoti, and Iodi.

Febrifuges.—*See* Antipyretics.

Hæmatinics.—*See* Tonics, Blood.

Hæmostatics.—*See* Styptics.

Hypnotics.—(Soporifics)—Medicines which induce sleep, and thus remove the consciousness of pain by lessening the excitability and functional activity of the brain cells: Acid. Hydrobrom. Dil., Ammon. Bromidum, Amylene Hydrate, Boldo, Camphor, Camphora Monobromata, Cannabis Ind., Chloral Hydras, Chloralamid, Chloralose, Chlorobrom, Codeina, Conium, Hyoscyamus, Hyoscina, Hypnal, Hypnone, Lithii Bromidum, Lactophenine, Lupulus, Metaldehyde, Methylal, Morphina, Morphinae Bimeconatis Liquor, Narceina, Opium, Papaver, Papaverina, Paraldehyde, Piscidia, Potassii Bromidum, Scopolaminæ Hydrobrom, Sodii Bromidum, Sulphonat, Somnial, Stramonium, Urethane, Tetronal, Trional.

Laxatives.—*See* Cathartics.

Mydriatics.—Drugs which produce dilatation of the pupil: Atropina, Belladonna, Cocaina, Cocaine Hydrochloridum, Daturina, Duboisinae Sulphas, Ephedrine Hydrochloride, Homatropina, Homatropinæ Hydrobromidum, Hyoscyamus, Hyoscyminæ Hydrobromidum, Scopola, Stramonium.

Myotics.—Drugs which contract the pupil: Eserine, Jaborandi, Morphina, Opium, Physostigmina, Pilocarpina.

Narcotics.—*See* Hypnotics.

Nutritives.—Substances which aid assimilation and improve the condition of the tissues: Acacie Gum., Amygdala Dulc., Bynes Extractum, Calcium Glycerophosphas, Carnis Extract. Carrageen, Cetraria Decoctum, Ficus, Hordeum, Manna, Maranta, Mel Depuratum, Morrhuae Ol., Olive Oleum, Pronum, Sacch. Lactis, Sacch. Purificatum, Salep, Sevum, Sp. Vini Gallici Mist.

Parasiticides.—Medicines which destroy vegetable and animal parasites:

Acid Carbolic, Acid Pyrogallic, Acid Salicylic, Acid Sulphurosum, Chrysarobinum, Cupri Oleas, Hydr. Oleas, Hydr. Perchloridum, Iodi Pigmentum, Mercurial preparations, Olea Expressa et Essent., Naphthalene, Potassa Sulphurata, Pyrethrum Roseum, Quassia, Sozoiodol, Staphisagria, Styrcis Unguentum, Sulphur, Tabacum, Thymol.

Purgatives.—See Cathartics.

Pustulants.—See Counter-Irritants.

Refrigerants.—Medicines which diminish the body-heat and relieve febrile thirst: Acetum, Aqua, Acidum Aceticum, A. Citricum, A. Hydrochlor. Dil., A. Nitric Dil., A. Phosph. Dil., A. Sulph. Dil., A. Tartarium, Ammon. Acet. Liquor, Aurantii Succus, Limonis Succus, Magnesii Citratis Liquor, Mori Syrup., Oxymel, Potassii Citras, Potass. Chloras, Potass. Nitras, Potass. Tart-Acida, Prunum, Sp. Æther. Nitr., Sp. Æther. Muriaticus, Tamarindus, Diaphoretics and Antipyretics.

Rubefacients.—See Counter-Irritants.

Sedatives.—Medicines which exert a soothing influence, by diminishing pain, depressing vital activity, or tranquillising abnormal muscular movement:

Local.—Acid. Carbol., Acid. Hydrocyan., Atropina, Belladonna, Borax, Chloral, Creosotum, Morphina, Opium, Plumbi Acetas, P. Carbonas, P. Subacetatis Liquor Dilutus. See also Anesthetics, Local, and Anodynes.

Respiratory.—Acid. Hydrocyanic., Æther, Æther Aceticus, Æthyl Iodidum, Ammon. Bromid., Amyl Nitrite, Belladonna, Cannabis Indica, Chloroformum, Chloral, Codeina, Conium, Gelsemium, Hyoscyamus, Laurocerasi Aqua, Lobelia, Morphina, Opium, Pruni Virgin. Syrup. et Tinct., Stramonium, Terebinthinae Oleum.

Nervine.—Acid. Hydrobrom. Dilutum, Ammonii Bromidum, Antim. Tartaratum, Camphora, Camphora Monohromata, Chloralose, Gelsemium, Hyoscyamine Sulphas, Lactua, Lupulin, Lupulus, Laurocerasi Aqua, Magnesii Bromidi Liquor, Niccoli Bromidum, Phenacetin, Phenazonum, Pareira, Physostigma, Potassii Bromidum, Sodii Bromidum, Trional, Veratrum Viride, Viburnum, Zinci Bromidum.

Gastric.—Acid. Arseniosum, Acid. Carbolic., Acid. Carbonic, Acid. Hydrocyan. Dil., Acid. Phosph. Dil., Ammonii Bromidum, Argenti Nitras, Argenti Oxidum, Belladonna, Bismuth Salts, Calcii Hydras, Calcis Liquor, Cerii Oxalis, Chloral, Chlorobrom, Chloroform, Cocaine Hydrochlor., Creosotum, Hydraz. c. Creta, Hyd. Subchlor. (small doses), Hyoscyamus, Ico, Ipecacuanha (small doses), Opium, Papaver, Potass. Bicarb., Potass. Bichrom., Potass. Bromid., Sodii Bicarb., Sodii Bromidum, Zinci Oxidum.

Cardiac.—Acidum Hydrocyanicum Dilutum, Aconitum, Amyl Nitris, Antim. Tart., Apocynum, Aqua Laurocerasi, Belladonna, Conium, Chloral, Digitalis, Ergota, Hyoscyamus, Ipecacuanha, Nitroglycerinum, Opium, Scilla, Sodii Nitris, Spirit. Æther. Nit., Stramonium, Veratrum Viride.

Sialagogues.—Medicines that increase the secretion of the saliva: Acetum, Acid. Acetic, Acid. Citric, Acid. Tartaric, Æther, Alcohol, Armoracia, Aurantium, Dilute Acids, and Acid Salts, most Emetics (especially Antimony and Ipecacuanha), Hydargyrum and its salts, Iodides, Ipecacuanha, Jaborandi, Limonis Succus, Mezereum, Physostigma, Pilocarpina, Piper, Pyrethrum, Rheum, Sinapis, Tabacum, Tamarindus, Zingiber.

Soporifics.—See Hypnotics.

Sternutatories.—Medicines which increase the nasal mucous secretion, which is sometimes accompanied by sneezing: Ipecacuanha (powdered), Tabacum (snuff), Veratrum Viride (powdered).

Stimulants.—Medicines which increase the function of a part, or of an organ.

Nervine.—Acid. Arseniosum, Æther, Arnica, Ammon. Carb., Ammon. Chlorid, Ammon. Phosph., Asafetida, Belladonna, Calcii Hypophosphis, Cannabis Ind., Cantharis, Castoreum, Coca, Coffee, Ergota, Guarana, Hydrastis, Musk, Nux Vomica, Oleum Cajuputi, Phosphorus, Strychnina, Valerian.

Stomachic.—See Carminatives and Stomachic Tonics.

Circulatory.—Æther, Æther Aceticus, Æther Spiritus Nitrosi, Alcohol, Ammonia Liquor, Arnica, Camphor, Convallaria, Cubeba, Digitalis, Strychnina, Sumbul, Valeriana.

Local.—Potass. Chloras. See also Counter-Irritants.

Stomachics.—Medicines which directly promote the functions of the stomach and improve the appetite and digestion, see Carminatives and Tonics, Stomachic.

Styptics.—Remedies which arrest bleeding: Acetum, Acid. Sulphuric. Dil., Acid. Tannic., Alumen, Argenti Nitratas, Benzoin, Bryonia, Catechu, Cinchonæ Pulvis, Collodium, Creosote, Cupri Sulphas, Ergota, Erigerontis Oleum, Ferri Perchlor. Liquor and other Ferric salts, Galla, Granati Cort., Gummi Rubri Extractum Liquidum, Hæmatoxylum, Hamamelis, Hydrastis, Kino, Krameria, Matico, Opium, Quercus, Plumbi Acetas, Plumbi Subacetatis Liquor, Spiritus Rectificatus, Terebinthinæ Oleum, Zinci Acetas, Zinci Sulph.

Sudorifics.—See Diaphoretics. When diaphoretics act very powerfully, they are called sudorifics.

Tonics.—Therapeutic agents which impart strength or tone to the functions of the body or its parts.

Acting through the blood, and improving its quality.—Acid. Arseniosum, Acid. Phosph. Dil., Ferri Acetatis Liquor, F. Albuminas, F. Bromidum, F. Carb. Saccharata, F. Ammonii Citras, F. et Quinina Citras, F. Chloroxydum, F. Iodidum, F. Liquor Dialysat., F. Lactus, F. Oxid. Magnet., F. Perchlor., F. Permit. Liquor, F. Phosphas, F. Phosph. Co. Syrup. (Squire), Ferri Pilula, F. Redactum, F. Sulphas, F. Tartaratum, Easton's Syrup, Morrhuae Oleum, Potass. Permang.

Nervine.—Acid. Arseniosum, Argenti Nitratas, Argenti Oxidum, Calcii Hypophosphis, Cinchona, Coca, Cupri Sulphas, Damiana, Ferrum Salts, Morrhuae Oleum, Nux Vomica, Phosphorus, Quinina, Sodii Hypophosphis, Strychnina, Sumbul, Zinci Acetas, Zinci Oxidum, Zinci Sulph., Zinci Valerianas.

Stomachic and Intestinal.—Absinthium, Acid. Hydrochlor. Dil., A. Nitric. Dil., A. Nitro-hydrochlor. Dil., A. Phosph. Dil., A. Sulph. Dil., Aloes, Anthemis, Armoracia, Aurant. Cort., Bebeerin. Sulph., Buchu, Calumba, Canella Cortex, Capsicum, Cascarilla, Chiretta, Cimicifuga, Cinchona, Cinchonidina, Cinchonina, Cusparia, Decoc. Aloes Comp., Erigerontis Oleum, Gentiana, Guarana, Hydrastis, Krameria, Kava-Kava, Limonis Cortex, Lupulinum, Lupulus, Matico, Mezereon, Menyanthes, Nectandra, Nux Vomica, Pancreatic Enzymes, Pepsin, Peptonised Foods, Pareira, Piper, Quassia, Quinina Hydrochloridum, Quebracho, Quininae Sulph., Rheum, Salicin, Sarsa, Serpentaria, Simaruba, Sinapis, Sodii Chloridum, Strychnina, Taraxacum, Ulmus, Uva Ursi.

Cardiac.—Acidum Arseniosum, Adonis, Apocynum, Caffeina, Caff. Sodio-Salicylas, Convallaria, Digitalis, Diuretin, Erythro-
phleum, Ferrum Salts, Nux Vomica, Scilla, Sparteinae Sulphas,
Strophanthus, Strychnina, Veratrum Viride.

Mineral Waters.—Adelheidsquelle, Alet, Altwasser, Auteuil, Berka,
Bocklet, Gastein, Kreuznach, Meinberg, Orezza, Ottiliengquelle,
Pyrmont, St. Moritz, Spa, Schwalbach, Wildungen.

Vermicides and Vermifuges.—See Anthelmintics.

Vesicants.—See Counter-Irritants.